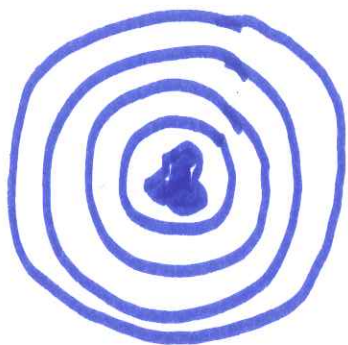


# Chapter 7A - Day 1

## Related Rates Problems

Ex: Drop a rock in a pond and it creates ripples



The area of the outer ripple/circle is  $A = \pi r^2$

but the area and the radius are changing with time.

So, if we take the derivative, we'd take it with respect to  $t$  (time)

## Recall: Chain Rule:

if  $y$  is a function of  $u$  and  $u$  is a function of  $x$ , then  $y$  is also a function of  $x$  and

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{dy}{du} \cdot \frac{du}{dx}$$

Ex: The area of a circle  $A = \pi r^2$  and  $r$  depends on  $t$ , find a formula for  $\frac{dA}{dt}$ .

$$\frac{dA}{dt} = \frac{dA}{dr} \cdot \frac{dr}{dt}$$

now  $\frac{dA}{dr} = 2\pi r$  using power rule

so  $\frac{dA}{dt} = 2\pi r \cdot \frac{dr}{dt}$

# Related Rates Guidelines

1. READ the problem!
2. Identify the variables and draw a picture.
3. Write down what you know and what you are supposed to find.
4. Find a relationship (formula) relating your variables.
5. Use the chain rule to take a derivative.
6. Plug in what you know and solve.

Ex: Boyle's Law states that when a gas is compressed at a constant temp, the pressure  $P$  and volume  $V$  satisfy the equation  $PV = C$  where  $C$  is a constant. If at a certain instant the volume is  $400 \text{ cm}^3$ , Pressure is  $200 \text{ kPa}$ , and the Pressure is increasing at a rate of  $25 \text{ kPa/min}$ . At what rate is the volume decreasing at this instant?

$$PV = C \quad \text{find } \frac{dV}{dt}$$

take derivative with respect to time.

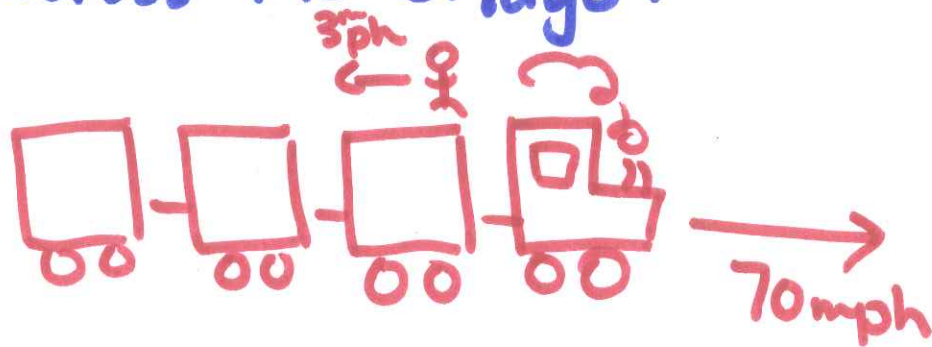
$$\frac{dP}{dt} \cdot V + P \cdot \frac{dV}{dt} = 0$$

$$(25)(400) + (200) \frac{dV}{dt} = 0$$

$$200 \frac{dV}{dt} = -10,000$$

$$\text{so } \frac{dV}{dt} = \boxed{-50} \text{ cm}^3/\text{min}$$

Ex: A train is traveling across a bridge at 70 mph. A man on the train is walking toward the rear of the train at 3 mph. How fast is the man traveling across the bridge?

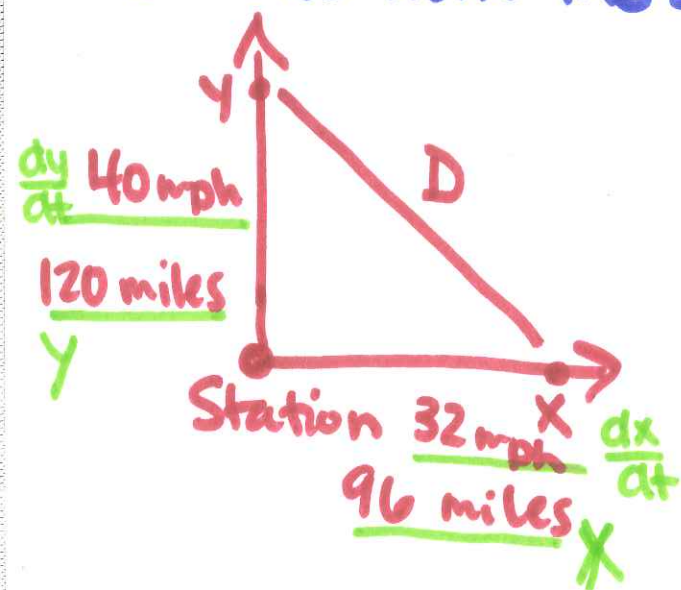


Subtract!

$$70 - 3 =$$

$$\boxed{67 \text{ mph}}$$

Ex: 2 trains leave a station at the same time. One travels north on a track at 40 mph. The second travels east on a track at 32 mph. How fast are they traveling away from each other in mph when the northbound train is 120 miles from the station?



find  $t$

$$d = r \cdot t$$

$$120 = 40 \cdot t$$

$$3 = t$$

find  $x$

$$d = r \cdot t$$

$$d = 32 \cdot 3$$

$$= 96$$

$$D^2 = x^2 + y^2$$

$$D^2 = 96^2 + 120^2 = 23616$$

$$\text{so } \underline{D = \sqrt{23616}}$$

$$D^2 = x^2 + y^2$$

\* take derivative with respect to time

$$2D \cdot \frac{dD}{dt} = 2x \cdot \frac{dx}{dt} + 2y \cdot \frac{dy}{dt}$$

what we want

$$2 \sqrt{23616} \cdot \frac{dD}{dt} = 2(96)(32) + 2(120)(40)$$

$$2\sqrt{23616} \frac{dD}{dt} = 15,744$$

$$\frac{dD}{dt} = \frac{15744}{2\sqrt{23616}} \approx \boxed{51.22 \text{ mph}}$$